Date 3-8-10
Time 9:00 p.m.

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1980

ENROLLED Committee Substitute for SENATE BILL NO. 62

(By Mr. Gilligan, original sponer)

PASSED Jebruary 27, 1980 In Effect April 1, 1980

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 62

(Mr. Gilligan, original sponsor)

[Passed February 27, 1980; in effect April 1, 1980.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four hundred three-a, relating to the prohibition of illegal drug paraphernalia businesses; providing that any person who conducts, finances, manages, supervises. directs or owns all or part of such business is guilty of a misdemeanor, and setting forth the penalty therefor: describing the elements of such offense; defining the term "drug device"; providing for certain places to be deemed common and public nuisances; providing that a person who maintains, aids and abets, or knowingly associates with others in maintaining such nuisance is guilty of a misdemeanor, and setting forth the penalty therefor; providing for abatement of nuisances; suits to abate nuisances; requiring bond in certain cases; providing for injunction: providing for the issuance of search warrants; forfeiture of property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four hundred three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. OFFENSES AND PENALTIES.

- §60A-4-403a. Prohibition of illegal drug paraphernalia businesses; definitions; places deemed common and public nuisances; abatement; suit to abate nuisances; injunction; search warrants; forfeiture of property; penalties.
 - 1 (a) Any person who conducts, finances, manages, 2 supervises, directs or owns all or part of an illegal drug 3 paraphernalia business is guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
 - 4 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five
 - 5 thousand dollars, or confined in jail not less than six 6 months nor more than one year, or both.
 - 7 (b) A person violates subsection (a) of this section 8 when:
 - 9 (1) The person conducts, finances, manages, supervises, 10 directs, or owns all or part of a business which for profit,
 - 11 in the regular course of business or as a continuing 12 course of conduct, manufactures, sells, stores, possesses,
 - 13 gives away or furnishes objects designed to be primarily
 - 14 useful as drug devices.
- 15 (2) The person knows or has reason to know that the 16 design of such objects renders them primarily useful as 17 drug devices.
- 18 (c) As used in this section, "drug device" means an 19 object usable for smoking marihuana, for smoking con-20 trolled substances defined as tetrahydrocannabinols, or 21 for ingesting or inhaling cocaine, and includes, but is not 22 limited to:
- 23 (i) Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or 24 ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, 25 hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
- 26 (ii) Water pipes;
- 27 (iii) Carburetion tubes and devices;
- 28 (iv) Smoking and carburetion masks;
- 29 (v) Roach clips; meaning objects used to hold burning 30 material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become 31 too small or too short to be held in the hand;
- 32 (vi) Chamber pipes;
- 33 (vii) Carburetor pipes;

See the result of the first

- 34 (viii) Electric pipes:
- (ix) Air-driven pipes; **3**5
- (x) Chillums; 36
- 37 (xi) Bongs;

59

60

61

67

71

- (xii) Ice pipes or chillers; and 38
- 39 (xiii) Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials.
- 40 In any prosecution under this section, the question whether an object is a drug device shall be a question 41 42 of fact.
- 43 (d) A place where drug devices are manufactured, 44 sold, stored, possessed, given away or furnished in violation of this section shall be deemed a common or public 46 nuisance. Conveyances or vehicles of any kind shall be 47 deemed places within the meaning of this section and 48 may be proceeded against under the provisions of sub-49 section (e) of this section. A person who shall maintain, 50 or shall aid or abet or knowingly be associated with others in maintaining such common or public nuisance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 53 thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by confinement in jail not more 54 than six months for each offense, and judgment shall be 55 given that such nuisance be abated or closed as a place for the manufacture, sale, storage, possession, giving away 57 or furnishing of drug devices. 58
- (e) The prosecuting attorney or a citizen of the county or municipality where a nuisance as defined in subsection (d) is located, may maintain a suit in the name of the state to abate and perpetually enjoin the same. Cir-63 cuit courts shall have jurisdiction thereof. The injunction may be granted at the commencement of the suit and no bond shall be required if such action for injunction be 65 brought by the prosecuting attorney. If such suit for 66 injunction be brought or maintained by a citizen of the county or municipality where such nuisance is alleged to be located, then the court may require a bond as in 69 other cases of injunction. On the finding that the ma-70 terial allegations of the complaint are true, the court or judge thereof in vacation shall order the injunction for such period of time as it or he may think proper, with

77

78

79

103

106

the right to dissolve the injunction upon the application 74 of the owner of the place, if a proper case is shown for 76 such dissolution.

The continuance of the injunction as provided in this section may be ordered, although the place complained of may not at the time of hearing be unlawfully used.

- 80 (f) If there be complaint on oath or affirmation support-81 ed by affidavit or affidavits setting forth the facts for such 82 belief that drug devices are being manufactured, sold, 83 kept, stored or in any manner held, used or concealed in a 84 particular house or other place with intent to engage in 85 illegal drug paraphernalia business in violation of law, a magistrate or a circuit court, or the judge thereof in -87 vacation to whom such complaint is made, if satisfied that there is probable cause for such belief, shall issue a 89 warrant to search such house or other place for such 90 devices. Such warrants, except as herein otherwise pro-91 vided, shall be issued, directed and executed in accordance with the laws of West Virginia pertaining to search 93 warrants. Warrants issued under this section for the 94 search of any automobile, boat, conveyance or vehicle, or for the search of any trunk, grip or other article of baggage, for such devices, may be executed in any part 96 97 of the state where the same are overtaken, and shall be made returnable before any magistrate or circuit court, 98 or the judge thereof in vacation, within whose jurisdic-99 tion such automobile, boat, conveyance, vehicle, trunk, 100 101 grip or other article of baggage, or any of them, were 102 transported or attempted to be transported.
- An officer charged with the execution of a warrant issued under this section, may, whenever it is necessary, 104 105 break open and enter a house, or other place herein described.
- 107 (g) Any property, including money, used in violation of the provisions of this section may be seized and for-108 109 feited to the state.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

To take effect April 1, 1980.

odef l'Willes	
Clerk of the Senate	
(aBlankersky)	
Clerk of the House of Delegates	
DI, I SOME	M
President of the Senate	11
Chile M. Lee /	
Speaker House of Defentes	3
1	

this the day of Mark 1980.

Governor

RECEIVED

MAR 3 3 22 PH'80

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR